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Dynamical systems insights on cyclonic compound 'wet' and 'windy' extremes in the Eastern Mediterranean

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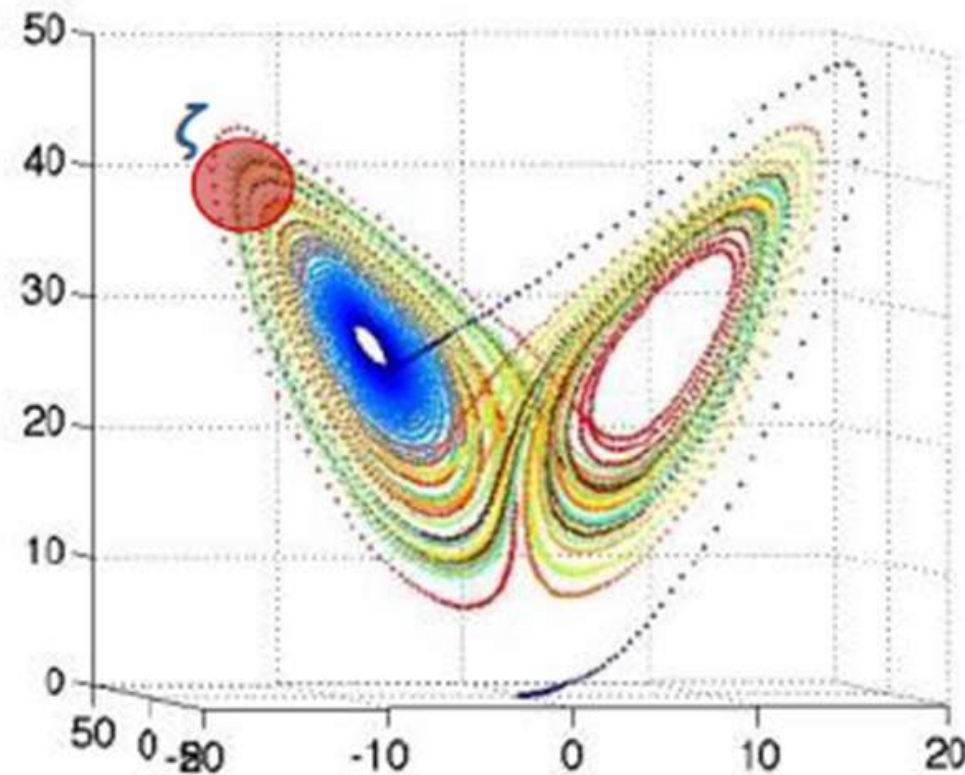


Background

A mathematical view of persistence and co-recurrence

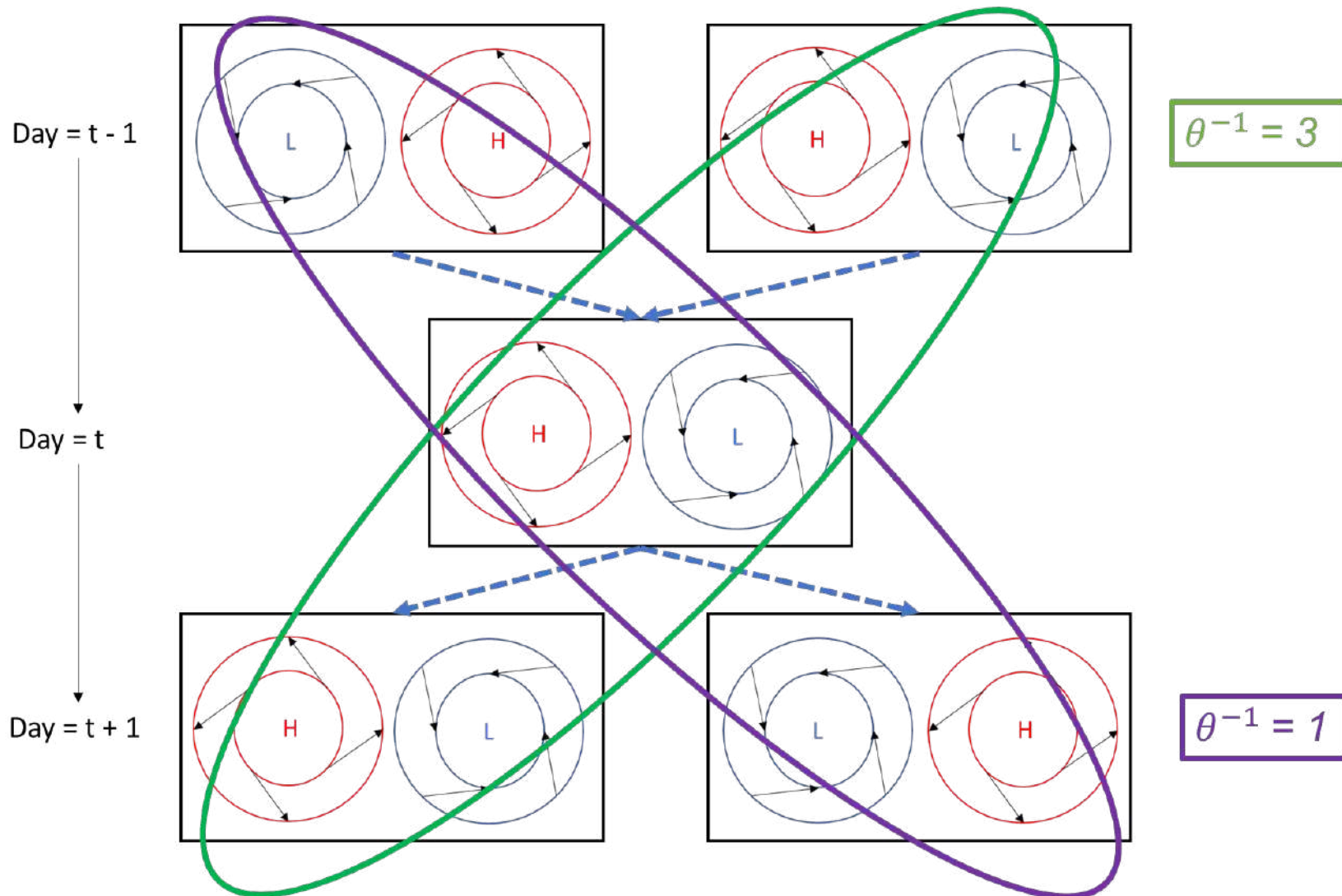


- θ^{-1} = Persistence
- α = Co-recurrence ratio - $0 < \alpha < 1$

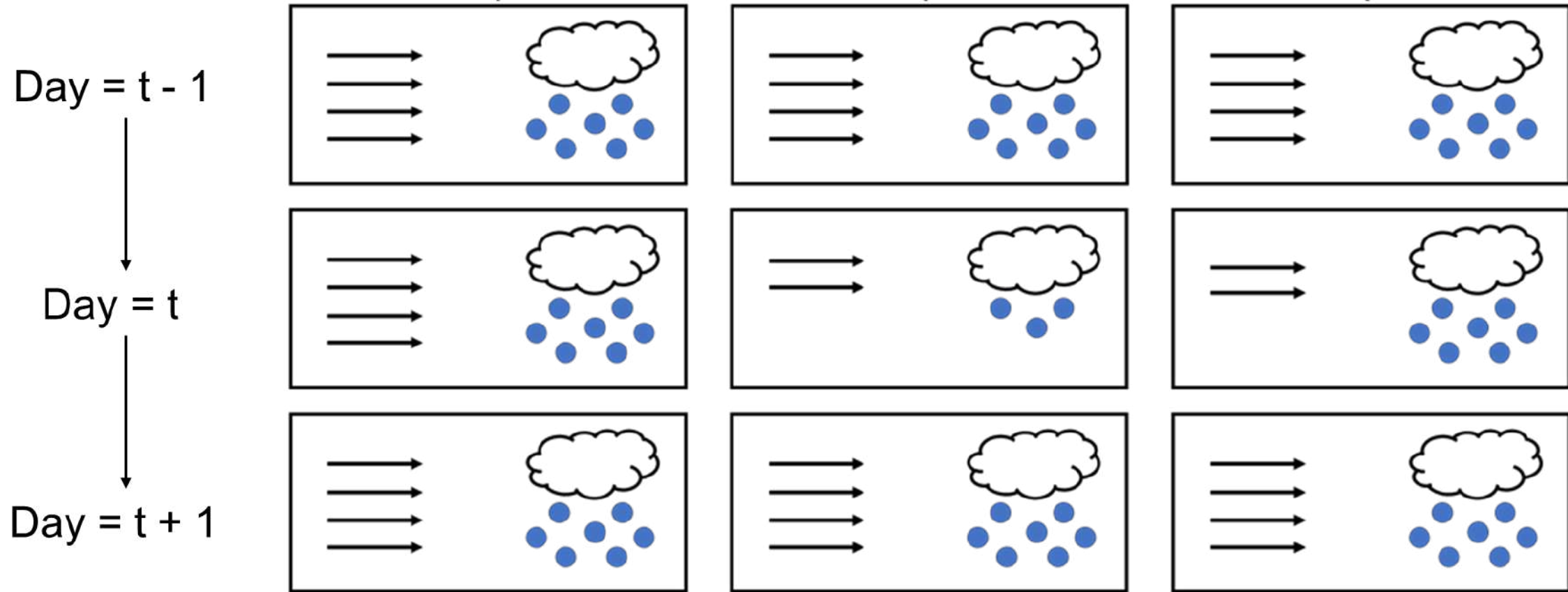


Faranda et al. 2017
De Luca et al. 2020

Intuitive view of persistence – (θ^{-1})



Intuitive view of co-recurrence ratio – (α)



$$\alpha = 7/9$$

Outline

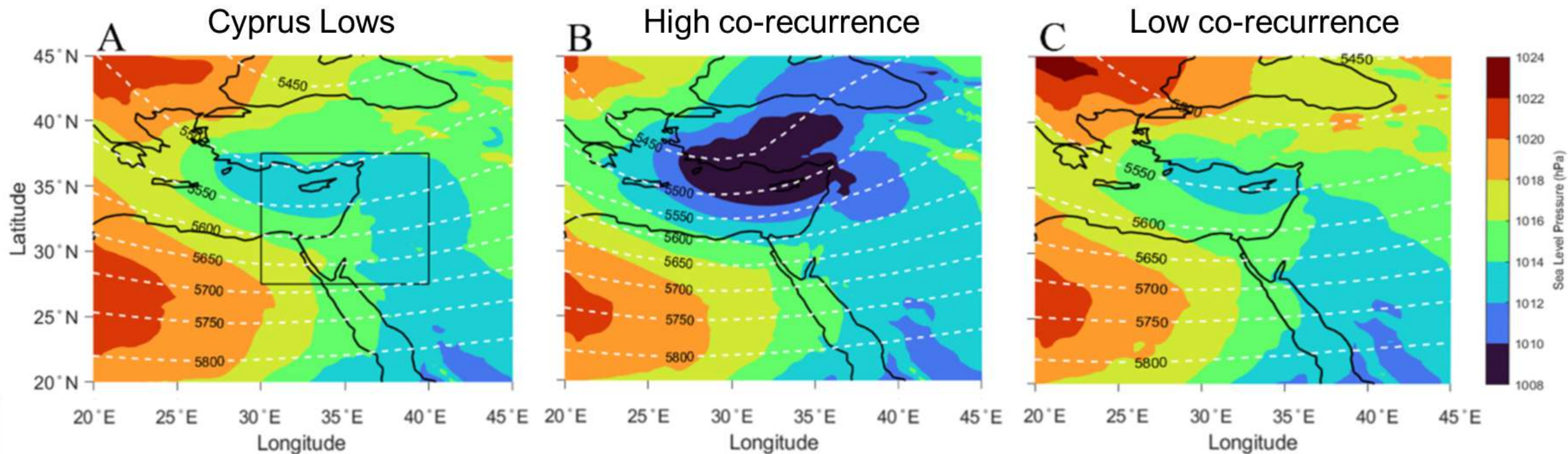


1. We define **Compound Dynamical Extremes (CDE)** based on upper and lower deciles of two dynamical systems metrics, linking them to the synoptic patterns.
2. We define **Compound Extremes (CE)**, the upper 5% of precipitation and wind co-occurring simultaneously. We link these back to the dynamical system metrics anomalies.

1. Composite mean synoptic maps of high and low co-recurrence



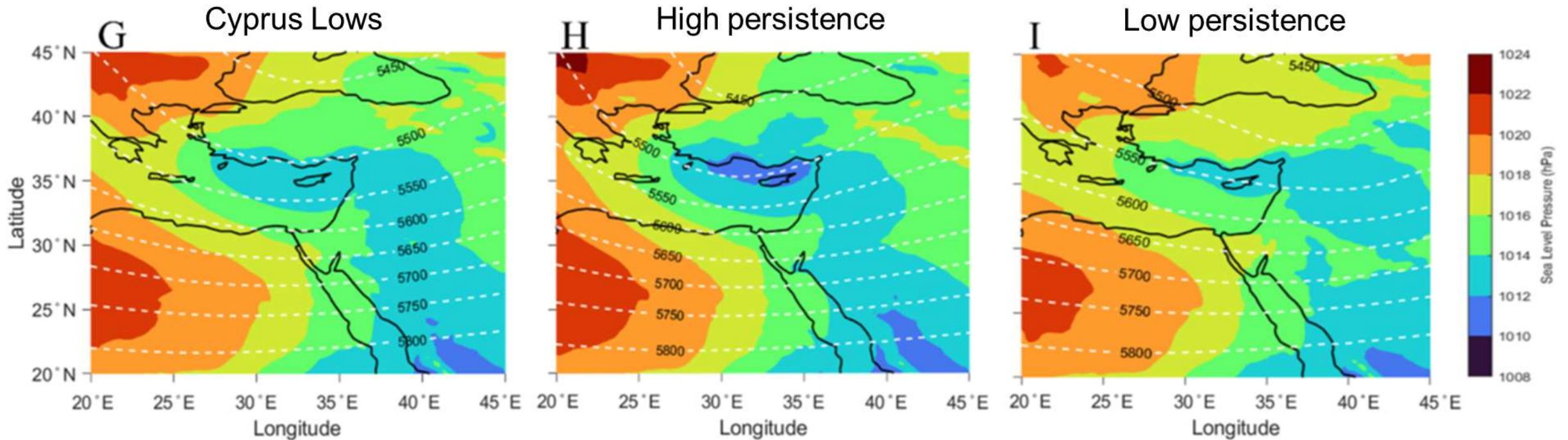
Co-recurrence ratio of precipitation and wind intensity (α)



1. Composite mean synoptic maps of high and low persistence



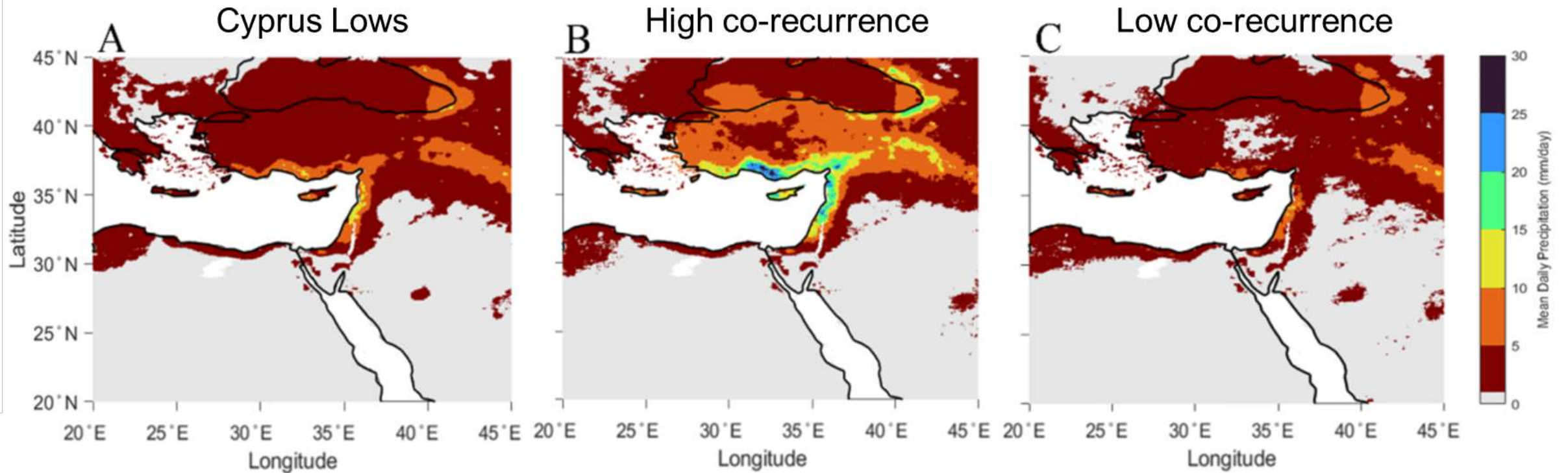
Persistence of precipitation and wind intensity (Θ^{-1})



1. Composite mean precipitation maps of high and low co-recurrence



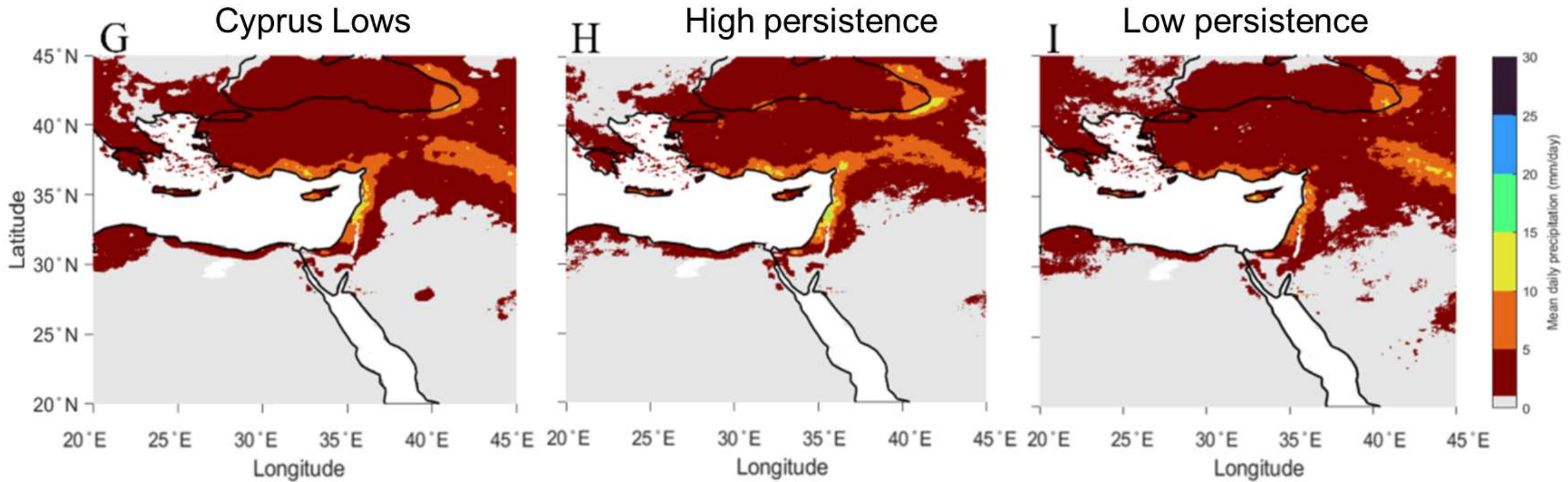
Co-recurrence ratio of precipitation and wind intensity (α)



1. Composite mean precipitation maps of high and low persistence



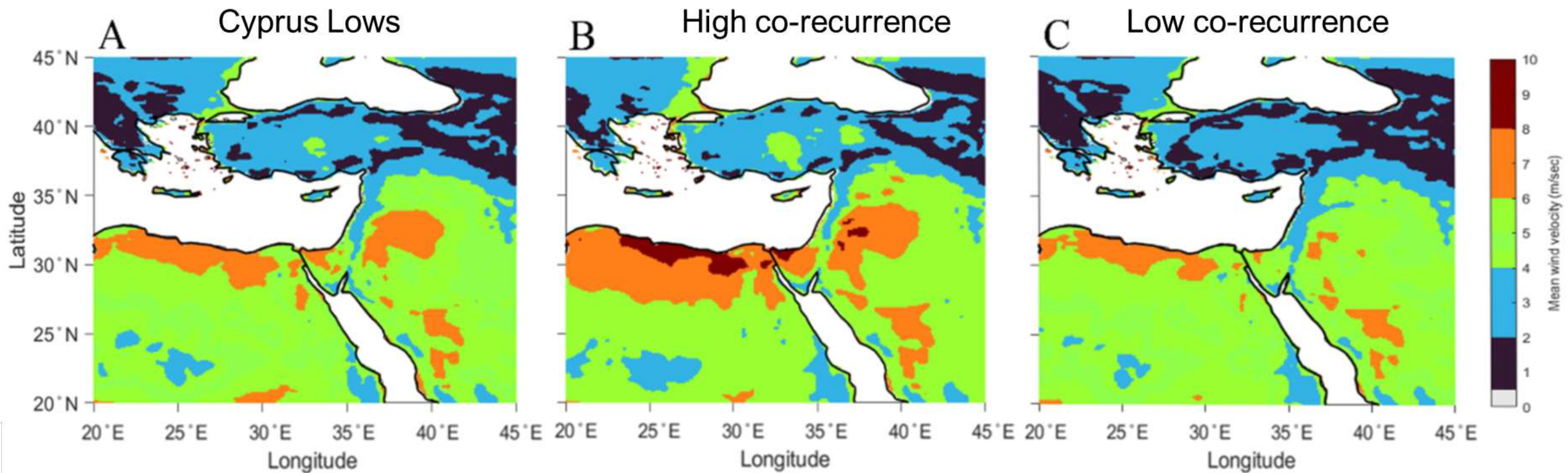
Persistence of precipitation and wind intensity (Θ^{-1})



1. Composite mean wind speed maps of high and low co-recurrence



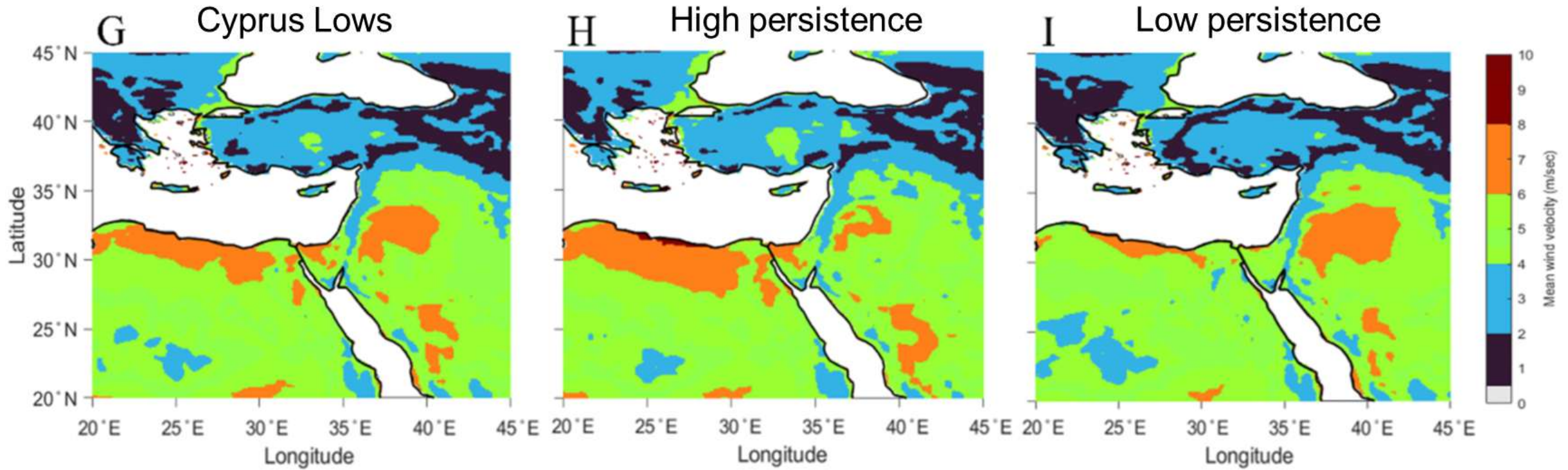
Co-recurrence ratio of precipitation and wind intensity (α)



1. Composite mean wind speed maps of high and low persistence



Persistence of precipitation and wind intensity (Θ^{-1})

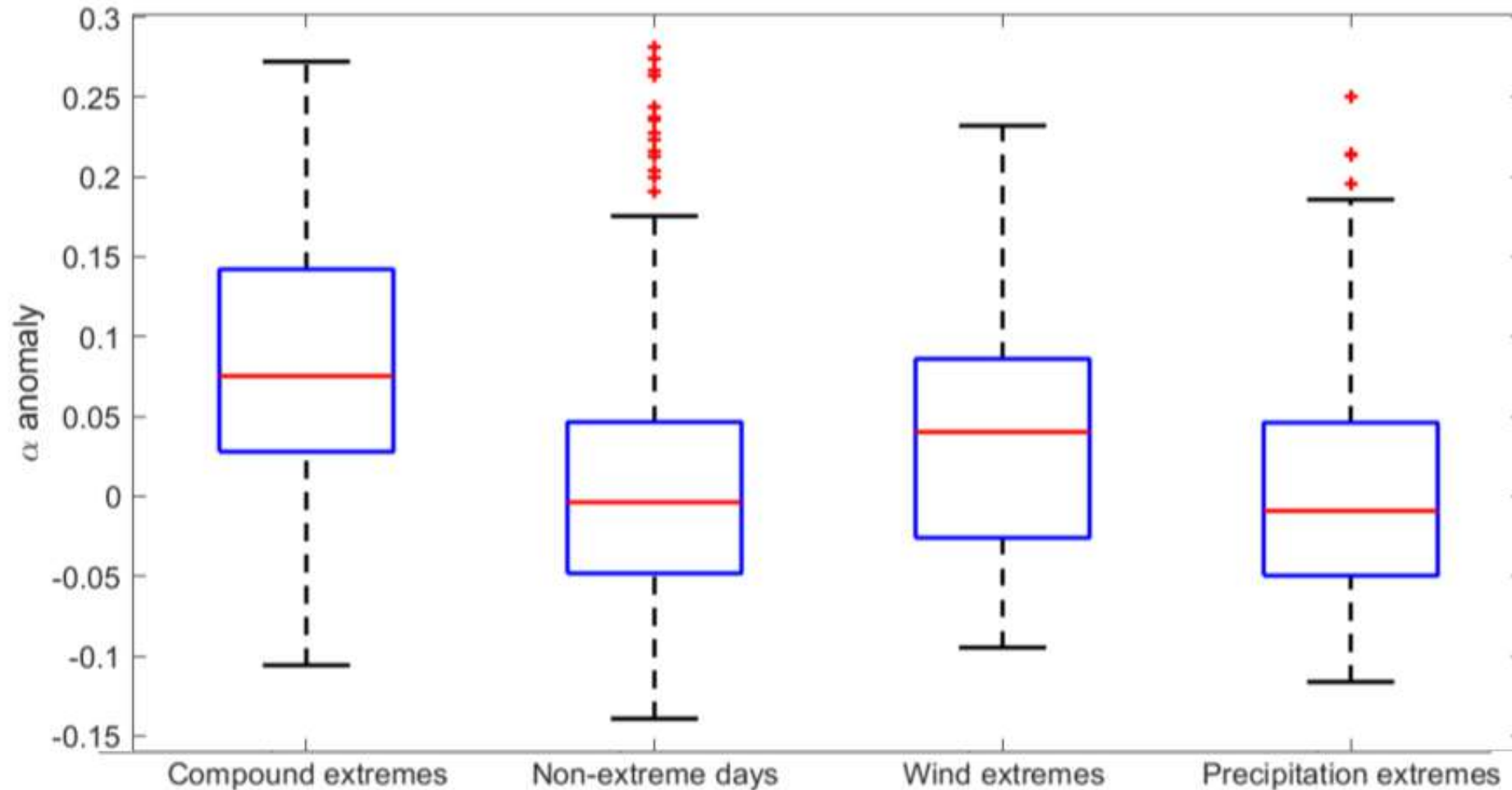


Summary of 1

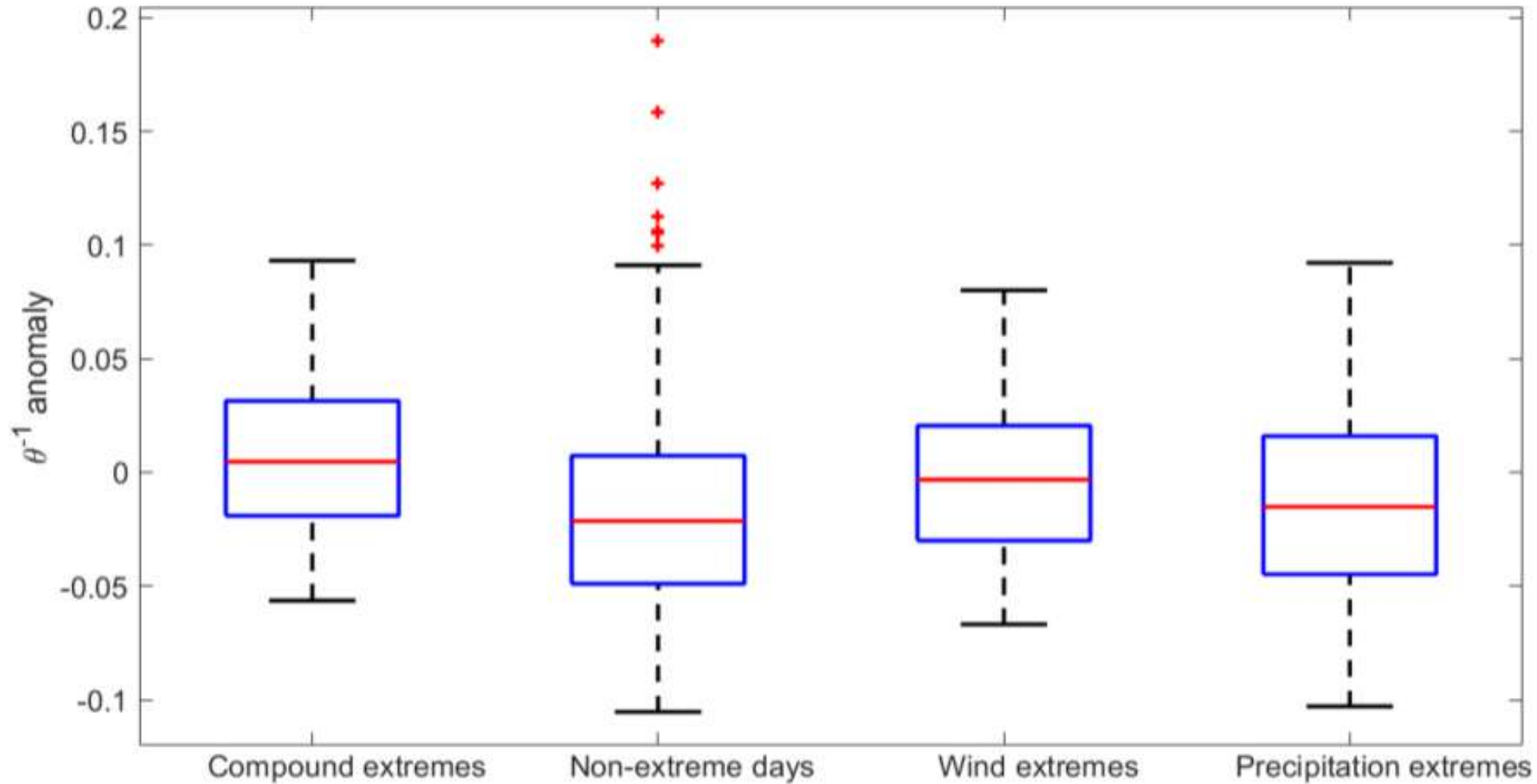


- We study the relationship between the dynamical systems metrics and the atmospheric configurations in the Eastern Mediterranean.
- We find that Compound Dynamical Extremes (CDE) are related to the depth and location of the surface cyclone and upper-level trough.
- We show that high co-recurrence and persistence are associated with heavier precipitation and stronger wind speed.

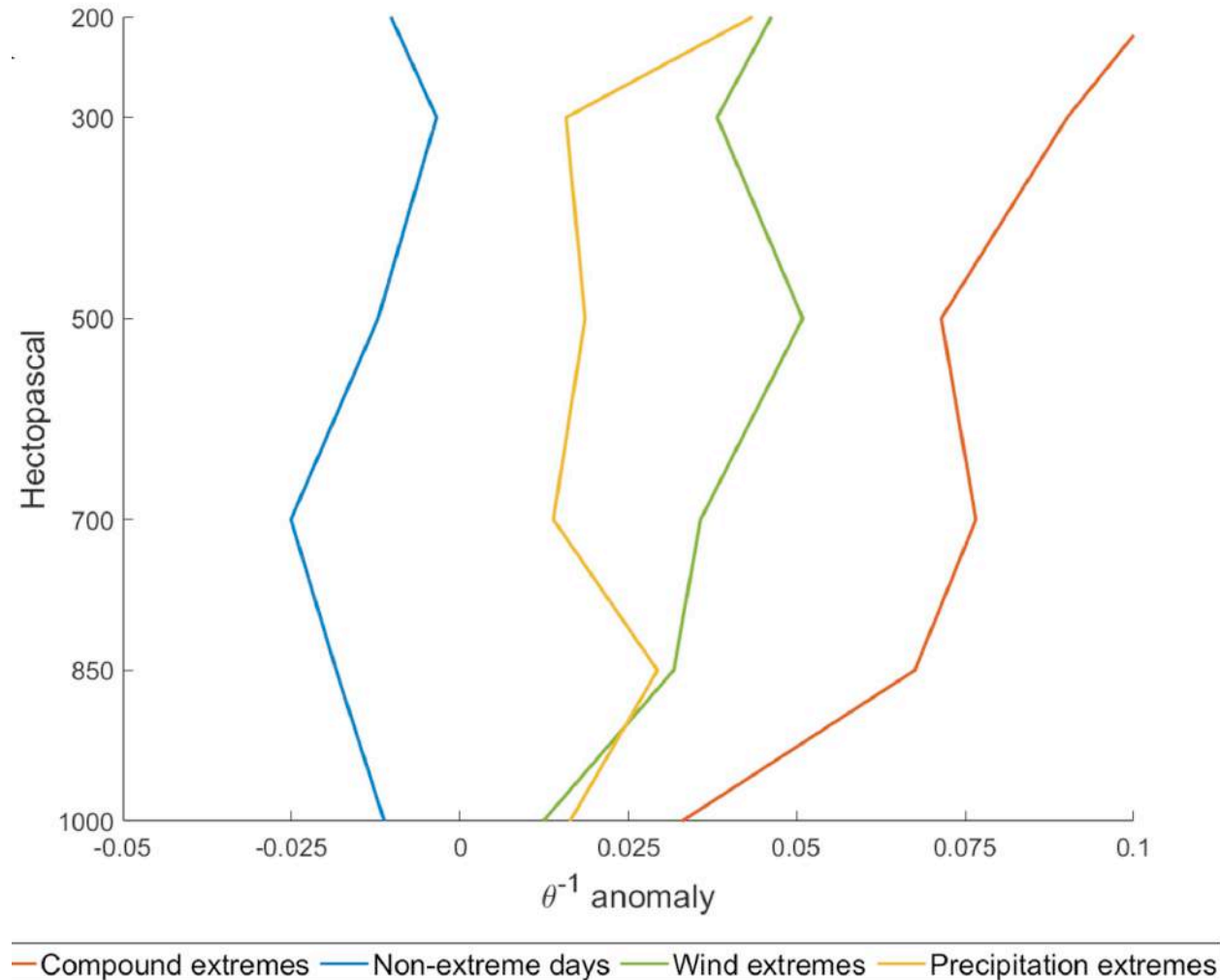
2. Co-recurrence anomalies for compound and individual extremes



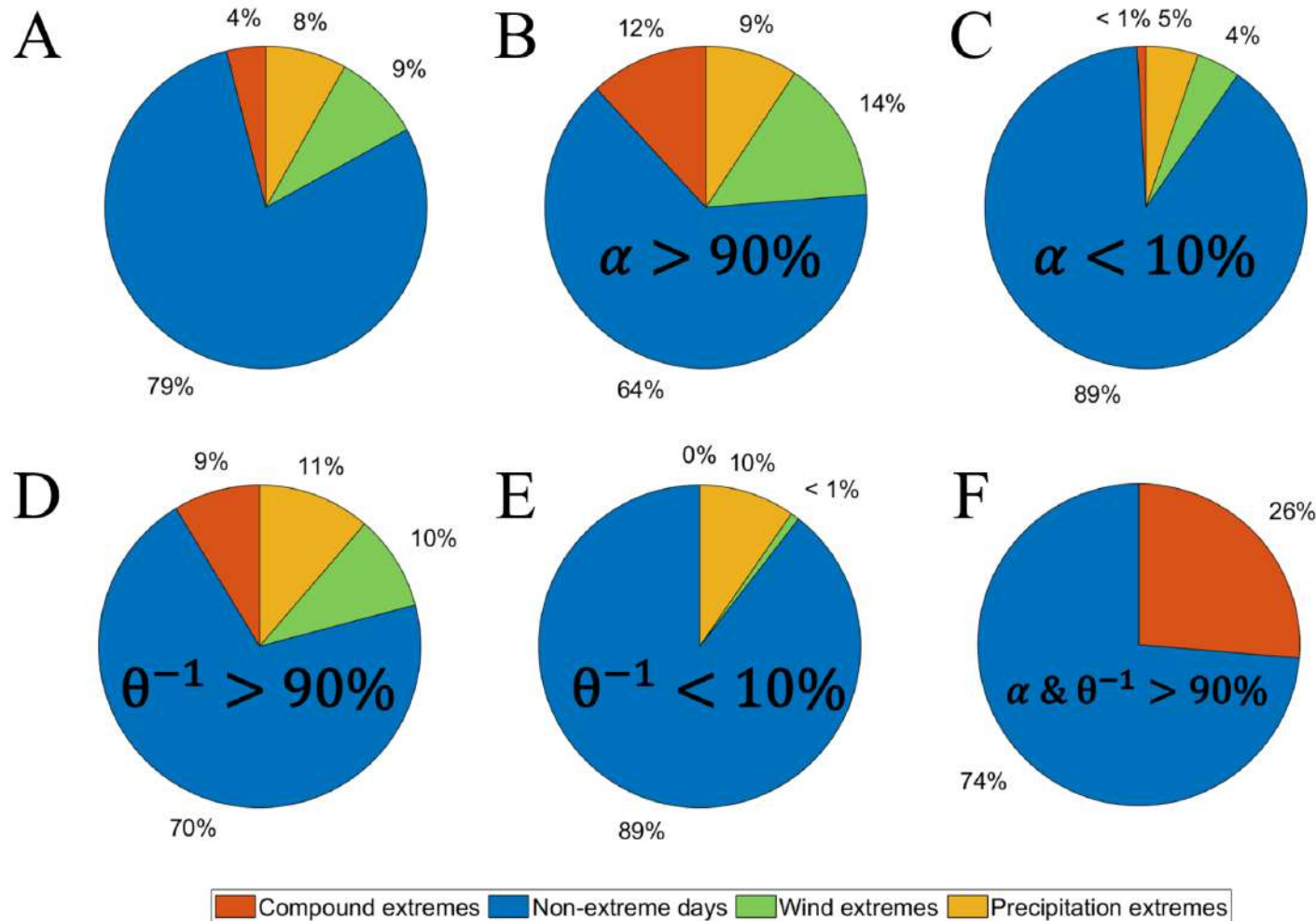
2. Persistence anomalies for compound and individual extremes



2. Vertical persistence anomalies of compound and singular extremes



2. Probabilities of compound and individual extremes in high and low co-recurrence and persistence



Summary of 2



- We find that Compound Extremes display significantly higher co-occurrence and persistence than individual extremes.
- We show that the upper levels are significantly more persistent than the surface flow during a Compound Extreme.
- High co-occurrence and persistence anomalies are more likely to be allied with Compound Extremes than low co-occurrence and persistence.

Conclusions



- The dynamical systems viewpoint is a valuable complement to understanding the dynamics of Compound Extremes.
- We foresee it to be fruitfully applied to other Compound Extremes and regions.
- This approach may be beneficial in improving the ability to predict Compound Extremes.

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References



- Vakrat E, Hochman A. 2023. Dynamical systems insights on cyclonic compound 'wet' and 'windy' extremes in the Eastern Mediterranean. *Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society*. (Under Review)
- Hochman A, Alpert P, Harpaz T, Saaroni H, Messori G. 2019. A new dynamical systems perspective on atmospheric predictability: eastern Mediterranean weather regimes as a case study. *Science Advances* **5(6)**: eaau0936. <https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.aau0936>
- Hochman A, Plotnik T, Marra F, Shehter ER, Raveh-Rubin S, Magaritz-Ronen L. 2023. The sources of extreme precipitation predictability; the case of the 'Wet' Red Sea Trough. *Weather and Climate Extremes* **40**: 100564. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wace.2023.100564>
- Hochman A, Marra F, Messori G, Pinto JG, Raveh-Rubin S, Yosef I, Zittis G. 2022. Extreme weather and societal impacts in the Eastern Mediterranean. *Earth System Dynamics* **13(2)**: 749-777. <https://doi.org/10.5194/esd-2021-55>